UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2007 question paper

0470 HISTORY

0470/04

Paper 4 (Alternative to Coursework), maximum raw mark 40

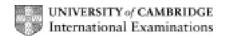
This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2007 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2007	0470	04

Depth Study A: Germany, 1918-1945.

(a) (i)	Study Source A. What can you tell from this source about post-war Germany? Support your answer with reference to the source.	
Level 1	Repeats material stated in source, no inference made.	[1-2]
Level 2	Makes valid inference(s) unsupported from source e.g. It all looks very hazardous etc.	[3-4]
Level 3	Makes valid inferences, supported from source e.g. Many have been killed and injured by the violence judging by the number of bodies; The drawing of the officer gives extra evidence of the madness of the time etc.	[5-6]
(ii)	Study Source B. How far does this source show that the Free Corps was a military organisation? Explain your answer.	
Level 1	Agrees OR disagrees, unsupported from the source.	[1-2]
Level 2	Agrees OR disagrees, supported from the source e.g. Yes, it contained former officers and ex-soldiers etc. No, it contained unemployed youths and there is no evidence of a chain of command etc.	[3-5]
Level 3	Agrees AND disagrees, supported from the source. Addresses the issue of 'How far?'	[6-7]
(iii)	Study both sources. Is one source more useful than the other as evidence about the Free Corps? Explain your answer.	
Level 1	Useful/not useful – Choice made on the basis that one is more detailed/gives more information, but does not specify what information.	[1]
Level 2	Useful/not useful – One source is a drawing and the other is British, so they could both be biased/unreliable.	[2]
	Choice made on the nature or amount of information given. Must specify what information.	[3-5]
Level 4	Choice made on the grounds of reliability. Discussion of utility must be made on valid evaluation of source(s) in context. Include at this Level answers that cross-reference between A and B to show reliability.	[6 7 1
	6 marks for one source, 7 marks for both.	[6-7]

Page 3		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – May/June 2007	0470	04
(b) (i)	One in eruse	at powers did Article 48 of the Weimar Consident of the Weimar Republic? The mark for each valid power to a maximum of two maximum of two maximum of two maximum of two maximum of armed forces, may suspend other Articles that putizens etc.	arks e.g. Rule by d ain public order wit	ecree th the
(ii)		cribe the Kapp Putsch of 1920.		[]
Level 1	lden	itifies general aspects of the Putsch.		[1-2]
Level 2	of C Triui gove	elops aspects e.g. Leaders Kapp and Luttwitz; 5 00 Defence, Noske, only had 2 000 – army not ke mphant entry, new government proclaimed, K ernment escaped, General Strike in Berlin, city pa fled to Sweden.	en to defend Rep app Chancellor;	oublic. Legal
(iii)	Why	did monarchists and army officers oppose the	Weimar Governm	ent?
Level 1	Sing	gle reason. One for the reason, one for explanation.		[1-2]
Level 2	Mon polic socia	ciple reasons. One for each reason, one for each carchists etc. lost power and influence. Many held be, military, civil service. Did not want to be alists, Catholics, Jews etc. Objected to the way the its terms. 'November criminals' etc.	key positions as ju dominated by lib	dges, erals,
(iv)		e hyperinflation of 1923 did more damage to the signing of the Treaty of Versailles.' Do you wer.		
Level 1		ple assertions. , hyperinflation ruined so many people.		[1]
Level 2	Hypo savin Rep T of repa	lanation of Hyper. OR T of V, single factor given. er. Affected most Germans. Middle class lost ngs; collapse of currency; some profited; Undermine ublic etc. etc. V. Hated because of terms re. territory, military arations. This helped to cause hyperinflation territors, legalised the French and Belgian occupa	ed confidence in W , colonies, war gui hrough inability to	eimar It and p pay
Level 3	print Expl with	ting of money etc. Ianation of Hyper OR T of V with multiple factors given multiple reasons.		[2]
		eveloped suggestions on BOTH sides of the argumenotate BBB – Balanced but Brief).	ent	[3-5]
Level 4		wers that address both sides of the argument. TH sides of Hyperinflation AND the Treaty of Versail	les must be addres	sed. [6-8]

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2007	0470	04

Depth Study B: Russia, 1905-1941.

(a) (i)	Study Source A. What can you tell from this source about Russia's industrial workers? Support your answer with reference to the source.	
Level 1	Repeats material stated in source, no inference made.	[1-2]
Level 2	Makes valid inferences, unsupported from source e.g. They were demanding a better life etc.	[3-4]
Level 3	Makes valid inference with reference to the source e.g. Wanted a shorter working day, thought the Tsar could help them, remained loyal to the Tsar etc.	[5-6]
(ii)	Study Source B. How far does this source show that the Tsar wanted to help his people? Explain your answer.	
Level 1	Agrees OR disagrees about the Tsar's desire to help, with no reference to the source.	[1-2]
Level 2	Agrees OR disagrees about the Tsar's desire to help, supported from source e.g. Yes, offered reforms, extended them in November etc. No, he split opponents, brought his best troops home and crushed rebellions etc.	[3-5]
Level 3	Agrees AND disagrees about Tsar's desire to help, supported from the source. Addresses the issue of 'How far?'	[6-7]
(iii)	Study both sources. Is one of these sources more useful than the other as evidence about the 1905 revolution?	
Level 1	Useful/not useful – Choice made on the basis that one is more detailed/gives more information, but does not specify what information.	[1]
Level 2	Useful/not useful – One is from a petition of complaints, the other is from a British author so they could both be biased/unreliable.	[2]
Level 3	Choice made on the nature or amount of information given. Must specify what information.	[3-5]
Level 4	Choice made on the grounds of reliability. Discussion of utility must be based on valid evaluation of source(s) in context. Include at this Level answers that cross-reference between A and B to show reliability.	[6 7 1
	6 marks for one source, 7 marks for both.	[6-7]

Page 5		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
-		IGCSE – May/June 2007	0470	04
(b) (i)	One	at was the Okhrana? mark for each valid factor to a maximum of two express, removers of opponents, secured control through		olice, [1-2]
410				[1 2]
(ii)	Des	cribe what happened on Bloody Sunday, 22 Jan	uary 1905.	
Level 1		tifies elements. mark for each valid element.		[1-2]
Level 2	Awa Pea	cribes elements. rd an extra mark for each valid element described ceful march by loyal workers asking for improve cked by Cossacks and fired upon. Large number ki	ments in life and v	work,
(iii)	Why	were Stolypin's attempts at agricultural reform	not a success?	
Level 1	_	lle reasons. for the reason, one for explanation.		[1-2]
Level 2	One and Popu	iple reasons. for the reason, one for explanation e.g. The trans the consolidation of land holdings undermined the ulation growing too fast (1.5 million extra a y mods could not cope etc.	ne peasant land te	nure.
(iv)		v loyal were the Russian people to Tsar Nichola var in 1914? Explain your answer.	s II up to the outb	oreak
Level 1		ole assertions. , most Russians loved the Tsar.		[1]
Level 2	Yes. Witte	anation of loyalty OR lack of loyalty, single factor gi Few outbreaks between 1905 and 1914; work of se. Many satisfied with the Duma. The old systemally etc.	Stolypin (necktie) ar n seemed to be wo	rking
		Use of Okhrana, increasing criticism and demands ps well used, underground critics etc.	s, exiled groups, Sib	enan [2]
Level 3	•	anation of loyalty OR lack of loyalty, with multiplors with multiple reasons.	le factors. Allow s	single
	Und	eveloped suggestions on BOTH sides of the argumentate BBB – Balanced but Brief)	ent	[3-5]
Level 4		wers that deal with both sides of the argument. TH sides of loyalty AND lack of loyalty must be addro	essed.	[6-8]

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2007	0470	04

Depth Study C: The USA, 1919-1941.

[1-2]
[3-4]
[5-6]
[1-2]
[3-5]
[6-7]
[1]
[2]
[3-5]
[6-7]

Page 7		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – May/June 2007	0470	04
(b) (i)	Nam	ne <u>two</u> stars of American films of the 1920s.		
	Pick	rd one mark for each valid example to a maxi ford, Douglas Fairbanks, Clara Bow, Rudolf Val ter Keaton, Al Jolson etc.		
(ii)	Des	cribe the development of the film industry in the	e 1920s.	
Level 1		tifies aspects. mark for each valid aspect to a maximum of two.		[1-2]
Level 2	Holly	elops aspects e.g. Describes in additional de ywood, major studios, talkies, rise in cinemas/audie elopments etc.		
(iii)	Why	did Prohibition lead to an increase in organised	d crime?	
Level 1	A sir	ngle reason. One for the reason, one for explanatio	n.	[1-2]
Level 2	Mon law;	iple reasons. One for each reason, one for eac ey to be made – Capone estimated \$60m p.a. Mil already well-organised in cities; poor enforcemen police bribed; gang rivalry etc.	lions willing to brea	ak the
(iv)		e Roaring Twenties brought progress for Ameri lain your answer.	icans.' Do you a	gree?
Level 1		ole assertions. , labour-saving devices. No, women still not equal.		[1]
Level 2	Yes. crea price No. deve	anation of Progress OR lack of progress, single factories. All had opportunity to buy new technology the ted affordable leisure activities; industry booming; res; women could vote. Increased life expectancy et Inequalities of wealth became more extreme elopment; farmers, blacks and some immigrants diceased intolerance; increase in crime.	rough HP; radio/ci mass production lovec. e; cities outpaced	wered rural
Level 3	Expl singl OR	anation of progress OR lack of progress, with mult le factors with multiple reasons.		
		eveloped suggestions on BOTH sides of the argumentate BBB – Balanced but Brief).	ent	[3-5]
Level 4		wers that deal with 'How far?' and offer a balanced a 'H sides of progress AND lack of progress must be	_	[6-8]

Page 8	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2007	0470	04

Depth Study D: China, 1945-c.1990.

(a) (i)	Study Source A. What impressions does this source give about the nature of Chinese communism? Support your answer with reference to the source.	
Level 1	Repeats material stated in source, no inference made.	[1-2]
Level 2	Makes valid inference(s), not supported from the source e.g. Khrushchev is insulting the Chinese etc.	[3-4]
Level 3	Makes valid inference with reference to the source e.g. Khrushchev is being sarcastic using stereotypical images of the Chinese of watery soup, rope sandals to insult Chinese communism etc.	[5-6]
(ii)	Study Source B. How far does this source show Khrushchev and Mao were enemies? Explain your answer.	
Level 1	Agrees OR disagrees with no reference to the source e.g. They did not like one another.	[6-7]
Level 2	Agrees OR disagrees supported from the source e.g. Yes, relations between them were always strained. No, at least they met; relations became worse, implying this was not always the case. Had own national interests which did not <i>necessarily coincide</i> etc.	[3-5]
Level 3	Agrees AND disagrees, supported from the source. Addresses the issue of 'How far?'	[6-7]
(iii)	Study both sources. Is one of these sources more useful than the other as evidence of relations between China and the Soviet Union? Explain your answer.	
Level 1	Useful/not useful – Choice made on the basis that one is more detailed/gives more information, but does not specify what information.	[1]
	Useful/not useful – One is from Khrushchev, the other is from a Russian historian so they could both be biased/unreliable.	[2]
Level 3	Choice made on the nature or amount of information given. Must specify what information.	[3-5]
Level 4	Choice made on the grounds of reliability. Discussion of utility must be based on valid evaluation of source(s) in context. Include at this Level answers that cross-reference between A and B to show reliability.	[C 7]
	6 marks for one source, 7 marks for both.	[6-7]

Page 9		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – May/June 2007	0470	04
(b) (i)	figh	ne <u>two</u> foreign counties where the Chinese army ting since 1949. • mark for each valid country to a maximum of two		
(ii)	Vietr	nam. cribe relations between the People's Repub		[1-2]
Level 1	lden	ublic of China (Taiwan) since 1949. tifies elements. mark for each valid element to a maximum of two.		[1-2]
Level 2	Awa a b	cribes elements. Ird an extra mark for each element described in add ase for Nationalist regime. Economic, politica paganda. Military threats. USA support for Taiwan.	al, ideological riva	
(iii)		did the USSR decide to withdraw financial China in 1960?	and technical sup	pport
Level 1		le reason. for the reason, one for the explanation.		[1-2]
Level 2	One of the secretagric co-e	iple reasons for each reason, one for each reason explained ene socialist world; personal rivalry between Khrushrets; differences in emphasis between the two cultural bases; revisionism vs dogmatism; hexistence' stance; criticism of Stalin when CCP was conality for Mao etc.	nchev and Mao; nu regimes; industria Khrushchev's 'pea	clear al vs iceful
(iv)		v far did relations between Communist China ween 1949 and 1990? Explain your answer.	and the USA imp	rove
Level 1		ple assertions. , they started to talk.		[1]
Level 2	give Yes. diplo No.	lanation of improving relations OR non-improving n e.g. After withdrawal of Soviet aid in 1960, to isolomacy, Nixon's visits, expansion of economic activity Ideology, support for GMD during the civil war; Ta, Tibet, UNO and Taiwan representing China; muture.	late USSR. Ping-l y, UNO etc. 「aiwan, Korea, Viet	Pong
Level 3	facto OR	lanation of improving relations OR non-improving ors given. Allow single factors with multiple reasons	3.	ıltiple
	(ann	eveloped suggestions on BOTH sides of the argumenotate BBB – Balanced but Brief).		[3-5]
Level 4	BOT	wers that deal with 'How far?' offering balanced argu ⁻ H sides of improving relations AND non-impro ressed.		st be [6-8]

Page 10	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2007	0470	04

Depth Study E: Southern Africa in the Twentieth Century.

(a) (i)	Study Source A. What does this source tell you about the Communist Party in South Africa in the 1950s? Support your answer with reference to the source.	
Level 1	Repeats material stated in source, no inference made.	[1-2]
Level 2	Makes valid inference(s), unsupported from source e.g. They were active; women important in it; popular with black Africans; government was worried.	[3-4]
Level 3	Makes valid inference supported from source e.g. As with inference in L2 but with support from details within the source.	[5-6]
(ii)	Study Source B. How far does this source show that women in South Africa were effective in protesting about apartheid? Explain your answer.	
Level 1	Agrees OR disagrees with no support from source.	[1-2]
Level 2	Agrees OR disagrees, supported from source e.g. Yes, they could organise multi-racially in large numbers; good tactics; protests continued despite punishments; their actions are commemorated etc. No, does not show any positive results of protest; only a minority of women involved. Shows only one woman's continual efforts; government clearly	[0 E]
	suppressing effectively.	[3-5]
Level 3	Agrees AND disagrees, supported from source. Deals with the issue of 'How far?'	[6-7]
(iii)	Study both sources. Is one of these sources more useful than the other as evidence about the South African government's response to opposition in the 1950s? Explain your answer.	
Level 1	Useful/not useful – Choice made on the basis that one is more detailed/gives more information, but does not specify what information.	[1]
	Useful/not useful – One source is from an activist, the other is British so they could both be biased/unreliable.	[2]
Level 3	Choice made on the nature or amount of information given. Must specify what information.	[3-5]
Level 4	Choice made on the grounds of reliability. Discussion of utility must be based on valid evaluation of source(s) in context. Include at this Level answers that cross-reference between A and B to show reliability. 6 marks for one source, 7 marks for both.	I6 71
	o marks for one source, i marks for both.	[6-7]

		IGCSE – May/June 2007	0470	04
(b) (i)	Nor	•		
(b) (i)	Nam	e <u>two</u> Prime Ministers of South Africa in the 195	ous.	
	One for each Prime Minister to a maximum of two e.g. Malan to 1953; Strijdom; Verwoerd to 1958.			ijdom; [1-2]
(ii)	Des	cribe the Defiance Campaign of 1952.		
Level 1	Iden	tifies aspects e.g. protest against apartheid; led by	ANC	[1-2]
Level 2	coind ANC publi	elops aspects in more detail e.g. Peaceful protectide with 300th anniversary of Boers arriving in Soloth broke apartheid laws to provoke arrests – 8 (acity; ANC membership jumped from 7 000 to 100 ks and whites killed; government introduced more solothese.	A; Indian Congres 000 arrested; worl 000; by October r	s and dwide ioting,
(iii)	Why	was the Pan-Africanist Congress formed in 195	59?	
Level 1	Sing	le reason. One for the reason, one for explanation.		[1-2]
Level 2	Disa mucl radio	iple reasons. One for each reason, one for greed with ANC multi-racial basis; worried that when influence in ANC; Sobukwe saw Luthuli as too cal protest; wanted to appeal to young in townships nk with other African independence movement like	ites and Indians had passive; wanted ; to politicise rural a	ad too more
(iv)	and	white population of South Africa supported a 1960s because it gave them economic beneatin your answer.		
Level 1	Simp	ole assertions. Yes, they had better pay. No, some	opposed.	[1]
Level 2	Yes.	anation of support OR opposition, single factors giv Monopoly of the better jobs, higher pay; cheap lang Afrikaners etc.		ıpport
	No. Unio	Not all whites supported; liberals, socialists, Colns. Church opponents – Rev Huddleston; Governedia.		
	Othe	er motives: Social; racist; fear of majority – IC and A 2; Defiance Campaign; Sharpeville; International op		r from [2]
Level 3	•	anation of support OR opposition with multiple fact multiple reasons.	ors. Allow single f	actors
		eveloped suggestions on BOTH sides of the argument otate BBB – Balanced but Brief).	ent	[3-5]
Level 4		vers that deal with 'How far?' and offer a balanced a 'H sides of support AND opposition must be addres	~	[6-8]

Syllabus

Paper

Page 11

Page 12	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2007	0470	04

Depth Study F: Israelis and Palestinians, 1945-c.1994.

(a) (I)	Israel? Support your answer with reference to the source.	
Level 1	Repeats material stated in source, no inference made.	[1-2]
Level 2	Makes valid inference(s), unsupported from source e.g. Clever strategy by Egypt and Syria etc.	[3-4]
Level 3	Makes valid inferences with reference to the source e.g. Clever strategy by Egypt and Syria to attack on Yom Kippur and the Israelis would be preoccupied in devotions etc.	[5-6]
(ii)	Study Source B. How far does this source show that the Yom Kippur War was a victory for Israel? Explain your answer.	
Level 1	Agrees OR disagrees, unsupported from source.	[1-2]
Level 2	Agrees OR disagrees, supported from source e.g. Yes, Israel technically won the war; Saudi Arabia appealed to USA to use influence on Israel etc.	ro 51
	No, used up reserves of troops, many casualties; 'revived Arab fighting spirit'.	[3-5]
Level 3	Agrees AND disagrees, supported from the source. Addresses the issue of 'How far?'	[6-7]
(iii)	Is one of these sources more useful than the other as evidence about foreign involvement in the Yom Kippur War? Explain your answer.	
Level 1	Useful/not useful – Choice made on the basis that one source is more detailed/gives more information, but does not specify what information.	[1]
Level 2	Useful/not useful – One is a British textbook, the other is from a British Dictionary of World History so they could both be biased/unreliable.	[2]
Level 3	Choice made on the nature or amount of information given. Must specify what information.	[3-5]
Level 4	Choice made on the grounds of reliability. Discussion of utility must be made on valid evaluation of source(s) in context. Include at this Level answers that cross-reference between A and B to show reliability.	
	6 marks for one source, 7 marks for both.	[6-7]

Page 13		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – May/June 2007	0470	04
(b) (i)	Wha	nt are the Golan Heights?		
	ceas	mark for each valid detail to a maximum of two sefire line after 1967 war. Strategically very imp on this would permit observation, shelling, attacks on le	ortant as control of	
(ii)		cribe the Egyptian and Syrian attacks against Is ne Yom Kippur War.	raeli forces at the	start
Level 1	Iden	tifies aspects e.g. Surprise attack, caught Israel unp	orepared.	[1-2]
Level 2	deta calei reac	elops aspects. Award an extra mark for each asp il e.g. Co-ordinated surprise attacks on the hol ndar. Egyptian troops advanced over the Suez hed the Golan Heights. Israel counter attacked 2 d of 3 marks for only one country's attack.	liest day in the Jo Canal while the Sy	ewish
(iii)		did the superpowers encourage Israel and sefire?	Egypt to negotia	ate a
Level 1	Sing	le reason. One for the reason, one for explanation.		[1-2]
Level 2	Did ı a loı	iple reasons. One for each reason, one for each re not want the war to develop into a superpower com- ng war would cost Arabs, and thus USSR, very ation of Arab oil production and effect on world ecor	flict. USSR realised dearly; USA worrie	d that
(iv)		r far did the Yom Kippur War help to bring pea Arab States? Explain your answer.	ace between Israe	l and
Level 1		ole assertions. they are always fighting.		[1]
Level 2	Yes. need of w pead	ees OR disagrees, single factor given e.g. Both sides had heavy losses, Israel shocked at editime to recover; superpowers frightened of war estarring factions; fear of oil crisis; all led to USSF ce. Egyptian and Israeli leaders went to Geneva (red to withdraw some distance in Sinai to allow Ed.	scalating; cost of su R and USA to pres not in same room);	ipport ss for Israel
	No. reso tens	Arab states still resented existence of Israel; all of Ived; Palestinians a problem for both sides; im ions high; Arab governments either could not co rol resistance groups etc.	pact of oil action	kept
Level 3		ees OR disagrees with multiple factors given. A iple reasons.	Allow single factors	with
	Und	eveloped suggestions on BOTH sides of the argumentate BBB – Balanced but Brief)	ent	[3-5]
Level 4	_	ees AND disagrees, and offers a balanced argumen H sides of agreement AND disagreement must be a		[6-8]

Page 14	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2007	0470	04

Depth Study G: The Creation of Modern Industrial Society.

(a) (i)	Study Source A. What does this source tell you about the expansion of towns in England and Wales in the nineteenth century? Support your answer with reference to the source.	
Level 1	Repeats material stated in source, no inference made.	[1-2]
Level 2	Makes valid inference(s), unsupported from source e.g. Increases in population in new, industrial cities has brought problems etc.	[3-4]
Level 3	Makes valid inferences, supported from source e.g. Problems in named growing cities are because the population is growing so fast that there is insufficient legislation to create safely constructed house and sanitary conditions etc.	[5-6]
(ii)	Study Source B. How far does this source show that towns had become much better places to live in by the last quarter of the nineteenth century? Explain your answer.	
Level 1	Agrees OR disagrees, unsupported from source.	[1-2]
Level 2	Agrees OR disagrees, supported from source e.g. Yes, new and planned building can be seen in the foreground, also shows civic pride and need for facilities etc. No, still the smoke and unplanned factories working and growing out of control in the background etc.	[3-5]
Level 3	Agrees AND disagrees, supported from source. Addresses the issue of 'How far?'	[6-7]
(iii)	Study both sources. Is one of these sources more useful than the other as evidence about urbanisation in Britain in the nineteenth century? Explain your answer.	
Level 1	Useful/not useful – Choice made on the basis that one source is more detailed/gives more information, but does not specify what information.	[1]
Level 2	Useful/not useful – One is a Parliamentary report, the other is a picture, so they could both be biased/unreliable.	[2]
Level 3	Choice made on the nature or amount of information given. Must specify what information.	[3-5]

Discussion of utility must be made on valid evaluation of source(s) in context. Include at this Level answers that cross-reference between A and B to show

[6-7]

Level 4 Choice made on the grounds of reliability.

6 marks for one source, 7 marks for both.

reliability.

Page 15	5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – May/June 2007	0470	04
(b) (i) Name <u>two</u> industries which caused the rapid expansion of some towns in the nineteenth century.				
		mark for each valid example to a maximum of two eries, coal exports etc.	e.g. Textiles, iron,	steel, [1-2]
(ii)	Wha	at public health problems faced the new industri	al towns?	
Level 1	lden	tifies aspects e.g. Overcrowding, problems at work,	drainage etc.	[1]
Level 2	deta	elops aspects. Award an extra mark for each asp il e.g. Easy spread of disease in communities, now er born diseases etc.		
(iii)		did it take so long to improve living and strial towns?	working conditio	ns in
Level 1	Sing	le reason. One for the reason, one for the explanat	tion.	[1-2]
Level 2	lacwith	iple reasons. One for the reason, one for each reasok of legislation, sheer speed of expansion, little phealth. Working – little legislation, lack of trade it motive and little understanding that change was no	lanning, lack of co unions, vested inte	ncern
(iv)		e growth of towns brought more advantages in growth of towns brought more advantages in growth growth and gree? Explain your answ		es to
Level 1	-	ole assertions. they were all dying of disease.		[1]
Level 2	Yes. trade No.	ees OR disagrees. Single factor given e.g. Employment, good housing, wages gave some unionism, ease of getting to work etc. Unemployment, bad housing, industrial slavery, labour, industrial accidents, little by way of legal preserved.	long hours, no le	
Level 3	mult OR Und	ees OR disagrees, with multiple factors given. A iple reasons. eveloped suggestions on BOTH sides of the argumetate BBB – Balanced but Brief).	-	s with [3-5]
Level 4	Agre	ees AND disagrees, and offers a balanced argumen H sides of advantages AND disadvantages must be		[6-8]

Page 16	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2007	0470	04

Depth Study H: The Impact of Western Imperialism in the Nineteenth Century.

(a) (i)	nineteenth-century India? Support your answer with reference to the source.	
Level 1	Repeats material seen in source, no inference made.	[1-2]
Level 2	Makes valid inference(s), unsupported from source e.g. It all seems relaxed and everyone is happy with his lot etc.	[3-4]
Level 3	Makes valid inference, supported from source e.g. It looks a calm and settled community, but the judge's appears to be the centre of attention; there is a hierarchy of status – wife, turbaned servants, fan holder (see clothing) etc.	[5-6]
(ii)	Study Sources B and C. How far do these sources show that there were great problems facing the British rulers of India in the first half of the nineteenth century? Explain your answer.	
Level 1	Agrees OR disagrees, unsupported from source.	[1-2]
Level 2	Agrees OR disagrees, supported from source e.g. Yes, Different customs, controlling huge area, war and expense, dust, cholera and heat etc.	
	No, Improvements to Indian life already made, servants and a life of luxury etc.	[3-5]
Level 3	Agrees AND disagrees, supported from source. Addresses the issue of 'How far?'	[6-7]
(iii)	Study Sources A and C. Is one of these sources more useful than the other as evidence that the British only looked after their own interests in India? Explain your answer.	
Level 1	Useful/not useful – Choice made on the basis that one source is more detailed/gives more information, but does not specify what information.	[1]
Level 2	Useful/not useful – A is a picture and C is an unattributed book, so they could all be biased/unreliable.	[2]
Level 3	Choice made on the nature or amount of information given. Must specify what information.	[3-5]
Level 4	Choice made on the grounds of reliability. Discussion of utility must be made on valid evaluation of source in context. Include at this Level answers that cross-reference between A and C to show reliability.	
	6 marks for one source, 7 marks for both.	[6-7]

Page 17	7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
•		IGCSE – May/June 2007	0470	04	
(b) (i)	(b) (i) What was suttee? One mark to a maximum of two for each valid detail e.g. Widow burning, to				
(ii)	prev	rent the cost of the widow falling on the dead husbanate were the main reforms introduced into I	nd's family etc.	[1-2]	
(,		tinck?			
Level 1	lden	tifies areas of reform e.g. local customs, administra	tion etc.	[1-2]	
Level 2	in ac and and instr	elops areas of reform. Award an extra mark for eadditional detail e.g. Attempts to prohibit suttee, suppositional detail e.g. Attempts to prohibit suttee, suppositional detail e.g. Attempts to prohibit suttee, suppositional details and civilisation and civilisation. Award an extra mark for each civilisation and civilisation.	ress thuggee, infan ⊢administration of ju nglish as the mediu	ticide ustice um of	
(iii)	Why	did many British people go to India in the nine	teenth century?		
Level 1	Sing	le reason. One for the reason, one for the explana	tion.	[1-2]	
Level 2	Emp	iple reasons. One for each reason, one for eac ployees of the East India Co. After 1858 as men vice. Army. Traders. To make money/fortune. Bui	nbers of the Indian	Civil	
(iv)		e history of the British in India to 1857 was loitation.' Do you agree? Explain your answer.	one of conquest	and	
Level 1		ple assertions. they were much better off under British rule.		[1]	
Level 2	Yes. ama No. misg	ssed by British subjects. Britons held privileged po	sitions. if some reforms , reduction of fairiers and power of	were mine,	
Level 3	mult OR Und	ees OR disagrees with multiple factors given. A iple reasons. eveloped suggestions on BOTH sides of the argumetate BBB – Balanced but Brief).	, and the second	with [3-5]	
Level 4		ees AND disagrees, and offers a balanced argumen H sides of exploitation AND help must be addresse		[6-8]	